

Profit and Loss Projection (12 Months)

Enter your Company Name here

Fiscal Year Begins

Jun-05

	IND. %	Jun-05	% B/A	Jul-05	%	Aug-05	%	Sep-05	%	Oct-05	%	Nov-05	%	Dec-05	%	Jan-06	%	Feb-06	%	Mar-06	%	Apr-06	%	May-06	%	YEARLY	%
Revenue (Sales)																											
Category 1			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 2			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 3			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 4			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 5			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 6			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 7			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Revenue (Sales)		0	0.0	0	0.0															0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	
Cost of Sales																											
Category 1			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 2			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 3			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 4			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 5			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 6			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Category 7			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Cost of Sales		0	-	0																0	-	0	-	0		0	
Gross Profit		0	-	0																0	-	0	-	0		0	
Expenses																											
Salary expenses			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Payroll expenses			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Outside services			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Supplies (office and operating)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Repairs and maintenance			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Advertising			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Car, delivery and travel			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounting and legal			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Rent			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Telephone			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Utilities			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Insurance			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes (real estate, etc.)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Depreciation			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other expenses (specify)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other expenses (specify)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other expenses (specify)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Misc. (unspecified)			-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenses		0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Net Profit		0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-

Notes on Preparation

Note: You may want to print this information to use as reference later. To delete these instructions, click the border of this text box and then press the DELETE key.

You should change "category 1, category 2", etc. labels to the actual names of your sales categories. Enter sales for each category for each month. The spreadsheet will add up total annual sales. In the "%" columns, the spreadsheet will show the % of total sales contributed by each category.

COST OF GOODS SOLD (also called Cost of Sales or COGS): COGS are those expenses directly related to producing or buying your products or services. For example, purchases of inventory or raw materials, as well as the wages (and payroll taxes) of employees directly involved in producing your products/services, are included in COGS. These expenses usually go up and down along with the volume of production or sales. Study your records to determine COGS for each sales category. Control of COGS is the key to profitability for most businesses, so approach this part of your forecast with great care. For each category of product/service, analyze the elements of COGS: how much for labor, for materials, for packing, for shipping, for sales commissions, etc.? Compare the Cost of Goods Sold and Gross Profit of your various sales categories. Which are most profitable, and which are least and why? Underestimating COGS can lead to under pricing, which can destroy your ability to earn a profit. Research carefully and be realistic. Enter the COGS for each category of sales for each month. In the "%" columns, the spreadsheet will show the COGS as a % of sales dollars for that category.

GROSS PROFIT: Gross Profit is Total Sales minus Total COGS. In the "%" columns, the

